Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The schedule below presents adjusted EBITDA excluding investment income, which represents a non-GAAP financial measure, for Corporate. We provide a reconciliation of this measure to the most directly comparable measure calculated in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We believe that presenting adjusted EBITDA excluding investment income improves the comparability of our operating results from period to period by removing the impact of investment income and other adjustments as set out in the table that management has determined are not reflective of core operating activities and thereby assist investors with assessing trends in our underlying businesses. Other companies may calculate adjusted EBITDA excluding investment income differently and, therefore, our measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Adjusted EBITDA excluding investment income should only be used as a supplemental measure of our operating performance.

XPO, Inc. Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA Excluding Investment Income for Corporate (Unaudited) (In millions)

	Three Months Ended					
	September 30, 2024			September 30, 2023		
Revenue	\$	-	\$	-		
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		4		4		
Insurance and claims		-		4		
Depreciation and amortization		1		-		
Transaction and integration costs		12		7		
Restructuring costs		1_				
Operating loss	\$	(18)	\$	(15)		
Other income (expense) (1)		9		1		
Depreciation expense		1		-		
Transaction and integration costs		12		7		
Restructuring costs		1				
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	5	\$	(7)		
Investment income (2)		9		-		
Adjusted EBITDA, excluding investment income	\$	(4)	\$	(7)		

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

¹ Other income (expense) consists of foreign currency gain (loss) and other income (expense), which is primarily comprised of investment income in 2024.

² Represents gain from a past investment in a private company which was sold during the third quarter of 2024.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The schedule below presents net debt, net leverage and adjusted EBITDA, which represent non-GAAP financial measures. We provide reconciliations of these measures to the most directly comparable measures calculated in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We believe that net debt and net leverage are important measures of our overall liquidity position and are calculated by removing cash and cash equivalents from our reported total debt and reporting net debt as a ratio of our reported adjusted EBITDA for the trailing twelve months ended September 30, 2024 and June 30, 2024, and the year ended December 31, 2023. We believe that presenting adjusted EBITDA improves the comparability of our operating results from period to period by removing the impact of our capital structure (interest and financing expenses), asset base (depreciation and amortization), tax impacts and other adjustments as set out in the table that management has determined are not reflective of core operating activities and thereby assist investors with assessing trends in our underlying businesses. Other companies may calculate net leverage, net debt and adjusted EBITDA differently and, therefore, our measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Net debt, net leverage and adjusted EBITDA should only be used as supplemental measures of our operating performance.

XPO, Inc. Reconciliations of Net Debt, Net Leverage and Adjusted EBITDA (Unaudited) (In millions)

		As of	As of		As of				
D. W. C.	Septem	ber 30, 2024	Jun	e 30, 2024	Decemi	ber 31, 2023			
Reconciliation of Net Debt Total debt	c	2 444	φ	2 204	ф	2 404			
	\$	3,411 378	\$	3,394	\$	3,404			
Less: Cash and cash equivalents Net debt	•	3,033	\$	250 3,144	\$	2,992			
Net debt	Ψ	3,033	Ψ	3, 144	Ψ	2,992			
Trailing Twelve Months Ended		Trailing Twelve Months Ended		Year Ended					
	Septeml	ber 30, 2024	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023				
Reconciliation of Net Leverage	_								
Net debt	\$	3,033	\$	3,144		2,992			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,228	\$	1,173		996			
Net leverage		2.5x		2.7.x		3.0x			
Trailing Twelve Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Year Ended		Nine Months Ended			
	Septemi	ber 30, 2024	Septen	nber 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023		
Reconciliation of Net Income from Continuing Operations to Adjusted EBITDA			-			_	•		
Net income from continuing operations	\$	370	\$	312	\$	192	\$	134	
Debt extinguishment loss		2		-		25		23	
Interest expense		212		170		168		126	
Income tax provision		80		60		68		48	
Depreciation and amortization expense		479		365		432		318	
Litigation matter ⁽¹⁾		8		-		8		-	
Transaction and integration costs		50		39		58		47	
Restructuring costs		26		17		44		35	
Other				<u>-</u>		1		1	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,228	\$	964	\$	996	\$	732	
		ng Twelve hs Ended	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		Six Months Ended Year Ended		r Ended	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	
	June	30, 2024			Decemb	per 31, 2023			
Reconciliation of Net Income from Continuing Operations to Adjusted EBITDA									
Net income from continuing operations	\$	361	\$	217	\$	192	\$	48	
Debt extinguishment loss		2		-		25		23	
Interest expense		197		114		168		85	
Income tax provision		71		20		68		17	
Depreciation and amortization expense		463		239		432		208	
Litigation matter ⁽¹⁾		8		-		8		-	
Transaction and integration costs		45		26		58		39	
Restructuring costs		24		14		44		34	
Other		1				1			
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,173	\$	631	\$	996	\$	454	

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

¹ Relates to California Environmental Matters as described in Note 18 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The schedule below presents adjusted operating income and adjusted operating ratio, which represents a non-GAAP financial measure, for our North American Less-Than-Truckload segment. We provide a reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable measures calculated in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). We believe that presenting adjusted operating income and adjusted operating ratio improves the comparability of our operating results from period to period by removing the impact of certain transaction and integration costs and restructuring costs, as well as amortization expenses as set out in the table below, that management has determined are not reflective of core operating activities and thereby assist investors with assessing trends in our underlying businesses. Other companies may calculate adjusted operating income and adjusted operating ratio differently and, therefore, our measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Adjusted operating income and adjusted operating ratio should only be used as a supplemental measure of our operating performance.

XPO, Inc.
Reconciliations of Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted Operating Ratio for North American Less-Than-Truckload
(Unaudited)
(In millions)

	Three Months Ended				
	September 30, 2024		June 30, 2024		
Revenue (excluding fuel surcharge revenue)	\$	1,055	\$	1,064	
Fuel surcharge revenue		195		208	
Revenue		1,251		1,272	
Salaries, wages and employee benefits		642		639	
Purchased transportation		58		68	
Fuel, operating expenses and supplies ⁽¹⁾		231		236	
Operating taxes and licenses		17		16	
Insurance and claims		21		20	
Losses on sales of property and equipment		3		1	
Depreciation and amortization		89		86	
Restructuring costs				1_	
Operating income		188		203	
Operating ratio ⁽²⁾		85.0%		84.1%	
Amortization expense		9		9	
Restructuring costs		_		11	
Adjusted operating income	\$	198	\$	214	
Adjusted operating ratio ⁽³⁾		84.2%		83.2%	
Depreciation expense		80		77	
Pension income		6	(6	
Adjusted EBITDA (4)	\$	284	\$	297	

Amounts may not add due to rounding.

¹ Fuel, operating expenses and supplies includes fuel-related taxes

² Operating ratio is calculated as (1 - (operating income divided by revenue)) using the underlying unrounded amounts

³ Adjusted operating ratio is calculated as (1 - (adjusted operating income divided by revenue)) using the underlying unrounded amounts; adjusted operating margin is the inverse of adjusted operating ratio

⁴ Adjusted EBITDA is used by the company's chief operating decision maker to evaluate segment profit (loss) in accordance with ASC 280